

Subject	Ye	ear	Term		
Biology	12		2		
	То	pic			
Cell Division & Genetic Diversity					
Content (Intent)					
Prior Learning (Topic) B2b – Organisation (enzymes); B1 – Cell Biology					
 The events of the cell cycle. Mitosis as cell division that produces 2 genetically identical daughter cells. 					
 Process and purpose of mitosis. 					
Uncontrolled cell division leads to the formation of cancer. Treatments often involve controlling the					
	 rate of cell division. The process of binary fission in prokaryotes. 				
 The process of replication in viruses involving host cells. 					
Gene mutations are changes in the DNA base sequence that arise spontaneously. They can affect					
the structure of a polypeptide if they occur in exons, however not all mutations do affect polypeptide structure.					
 Mutagenic agents can increase the rate of gene mutation. 					
• The process and purpose of meiosis, a cell division that produces 4 genetically different haploid					
daughter cells.How meiosis and fertilisation i	ntroduce/maintai	n variation in a po	pulation.		
Future Learning (Topic) Year 1	L3 topics: Muta	ations & Gene e	expression: Gene		
Technologies	•				
How will knowledge and skills	be taught?	-	understanding be assessed &		
(Implementation)		recorded (Imp			
Demos Modelling of chromosome behavio	ur in mitosis		homeworks (Grade given.		
and meiosis		expected.)	bal feedback. Response		
Practical work		-1 x end of topic test (Level given. Ver			
Required practical 2 – preparation					
tip squashes to view stages of mito					
Written					
Class notes					
Past paper questions in class					
Past paper questions in homework	5				
How can parents help at home?					
Look at the topic specific resources on the VLE Use appropriate youtube channels: cognito, freesciencelessons, Crash Course Biology.					
Encourage students to use the			ons, Crash Course Biology.		
Lineourage students to use the					

Take an interest! Ask your children what they have learnt and be curious about their learning.

Helpful further reading/discussion				
Reading	Vocabulary Lists	Careers Links		
New Scientist	Mitosis, meiosis,	Biochemistry		
The Biologist Magazine –	homologous chromosomes,	Biomedical science		
Royal Society of Biology	chromatids, spindle fibres,	Biological sciences		
Royal Society of Biology blog	centrioles, centromeres,	Medicine		
The Double Helix – James	interphase, prophase,	Veterinary medicine		
Watson	metaphase, anaphase,	Bioveterinary science		
	telophase, benign,	Healthcare science		
	malignant, haploid, diploid,	Radiology		
	crossing over, independent	Genetics		
	segregation, variation.	Oncology		