


Subject	Year	Month	
Mathematics	9	Sept/Oct	
Topic:			
CONSTRUCTING BISECTORS AND LOCI			5 LESSONS
Content (Intent)			
Prior Learning Y7 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Constructing lines and angles Constructing triangles and other shapes Label notation for angles, parallel and perpendicular lines Y8 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Create and interpret scale diagrams Interpret plan and elevations Use compasses to draw circles 		Future Learning KS4: When revising for GCSEs	
Objectives <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use ruler and compasses to construct the perpendicular bisector of a line segment Use ruler and compasses to bisect an angle HIGHER Use a ruler and compasses to construct a perpendicular to a line from a point and at a point Know how to construct the locus of points a fixed distance from a point and from a line Solve simple problems involving loci HIGHER Combine techniques to solve more complex loci problems Choose techniques to construct 2D shapes; e.g. rhombus Construct a shape from its plans and elevations and vice versa 		For teaching purposes Possible Questions <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Provide shapes made from some cubes in certain orientations. Challenge students to construct the plans and elevations. Do groups agree? (Given a single point marked on the board) show me a point 30 cm away from this point. And another. And another ... Challenge students to write a set of instructions then follow these instructions very precisely! Misconceptions <ul style="list-style-type: none"> When constructing the bisector of an angle some students may think that the intersecting arcs need to be drawn from the ends of the two lines that make the angle. When constructing the perpendicular bisector, some students may only use one set of intersecting arcs. When constructing a locus such as the set of points a fixed distance from the perimeter of a rectangle, some students may not interpret the corner as a point (which therefore requires an arc as part of the locus) The north elevation is the view of a shape from the north (the north face of the shape), not the view of the shape while facing north. 	
Pedagogical notes (implementation)		How will understanding be assessed & recorded (Impact)	
Always leave construction arcs visible. Arcs must be 'clean'; i.e. smooth, single arcs with a sharp pencil.		BAM task 2 Construction End of term Assessment in December Exams in May	
		How can parents help at home?	
		MathsWatch clips (Qualification GCSE) 51, 145a, 145b, 146.	
Further reading/discussion			
Reading / Enrichment KM: Construction instruction KM: Construction challenges KM: Napoleonic challenge KM: Locus hocus pocus KM: The perpendicular bisector KM: Topple KM: Gilbert goat KM: An elevated position KM: Solid problems (plans and elevations) KM: Isometric interpretation	Literacy Compasses Arc Line segment Perpendicular Bisect Perpendicular bisector Locus, Loci Plan Elevation	Numeracy Links	Careers Links Architecture Landscape Gardener Aerospace Engineer Surveyor Glazier Groundsman – marking out football pitch