Subject	Year		Month	1
Mathematics	9		October	Balcarras From strength to strength
Topic:				
CONSTRUCTING BISECTORS AND LOCI 5 LESSONS				
Content (Intent)				
Prior Learning         Y7         • Constructing lines and angles         • Constructing triangles and other shapes         • Label notation for angles, parallel and perpendicular lines         Y8         • Create and interpret scale diagrams         • Interpret plan and elevations         • Use compasses to draw circles		Future Learning KS4: When revising for GCSEs		
<ul> <li>Objectives</li> <li>Use ruler and compasses to construct the perpendicular bisector of a line segment</li> <li>Use ruler and compasses to bisect an angle</li> <li>HIGHER SETS Use a ruler and compasses to construct a perpendicular to a line from a point and at a point</li> <li>Know how to construct the locus of points <ul> <li>a fixed distance from a point</li> <li>a fixed distance from a line</li> <li>a fixed distance from a shape</li> </ul> </li> <li>Solve simple problems involving loci</li> <li>Choose techniques to construct 2D shapes; e.g. rhombus</li> <li>Construct a shape from its plans and elevations and vice versa</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>For teaching purposes</li> <li>Possible Questions</li> <li>Provide shapes made from some cubes in certain orientations. Challenge students to construct the plans and elevations. Do groups agree?</li> <li>(Given a single point marked on the board) show me a point 30 cm away from this point. And another. And another</li> <li>Challenge students to write a set of instructions then follow these instructions very precisely!</li> <li>Misconceptions</li> <li>When constructing the bisector of an angle some students may think that the intersecting arcs need to be drawn from the ends of the two lines that make the angle.</li> <li>When constructing the perpendicular bisector, some students may only use one set of intersecting arcs.</li> <li>When constructing a locus such as the set of points a fixed distance from the perimeter of a rectangle, some students may not interpret the corner as a point (which therefore requires an arc as part of the locus)</li> <li>The north elevation is the view of a shape from the north (the north face of the charge) and the scharge while facing point.</li> </ul>		
Pedagogical notes (implementation)		How will understanding be assessed & recorded (Impact)		
Always leave construction arcs visible. Arcs must be 'clean'; i.e. smooth, single arcs with a sharp pencil.		BAM task 2 Construction End of term Assessment in December Exams in May		
		MathsWatch clips (Qualification GCSE)		
		51, 145a, 145b, 146.		
Further reading/discussion Reading / Enrichment KM: Construction instruction KM: Construction challenges KM: Napoleonic challenge KM: Locus hocus pocus KM: The perpendicular bisector KM: Topple KM: Gilbert goat KM: An elevated position KM: Solid problems (plans and elevations) KM: Isometric interpretation	Literacy Compasses Arc Line segment Perpendicular Bisect Perpendicular bisector Locus, Loci Plan Elevation Equidistant		Numeracy Links	<b>Careers Links</b> Architecture Landscape Gardener Aerospace Engineer Surveyor Glazier Groundsman – marking out football pitch