Subject	Year		Month	1
Mathematics	7		February	Balcarras
Topic:				
3D SHAPES 3 LESSONS				
Content (Intent)				
Prior Learning KEY STAGE 2 • Know the names of common 3D shapes • Know the meaning of face, edge, vertex • Understand the principle of a net Objectives • Know the connection between faces, edges and vertices in 3D shapes • Recognise and use nets of 3D shapes		Future Learning Year 7 Surface area of cuboids Volume of cuboids Year 8 Plans & Elevations (November) Volume of a cylinder (April) Year 9 Surface Area of a right-prism & a cylinder (January)		
		 For teaching purposes POSSIBLE QUESTIONS Always / Sometimes / Never: The number of vertices in a 3D shape is greater than the number of edges POSSIBLE MISCONCEPTIONS A cylinder is not a prism Only counting the faces, edges, vertices that you can see 		
Pedagogical notes (implementation)		How will understanding be assessed & recorded (Impact)		
 A cube is a special case of a cuboid A prism must have a polygonal cross-section → a cylinder is not a prism. 		End of Year Assessment in June/July		
Similarly $ ightarrow$ a cone is not a pyramid.		How can parents help at home?		
Use of cut out nets Use of building cubes		MathsWatch clips (Qualification ks3) G12a, G12b, G12c		
Further reading/discussion				
Reading / Enrichment KM: <u>Euler's formula</u> KM: <u>Visualising 3D shapes</u> KM: <u>Complete the net</u>	Literacy Face, Edge, Vertex (Vertices) Cube, Cuboid, Prism, Cylinder, Pyramid, Cone, Sphere		Numeracy Links	Careers Links Jewellery Maker/Designer Car designer Astronomer – patterns in the starts Landscape Gardener Plumber