Subject	Year	Month
Mathematics	10	February



Topic:

Stats and sampling

2 lessons

C	on	ter	it (Inte	nt)

Prior Learning	Future Learning
Year 10 Tables November	Year 10 The averages February
Year 8 Statistics project June	

Objectives

- Specify the problem and:
- plan an investigation;
- decide what data to collect and what statistical analysis is needed;
- consider fairness;
- Recognise types of data: primary secondary, quantitative and qualitative;
- Identify which primary data they need to collect and in what format, including grouped data;
- Collect data from a variety of suitable primary and secondary sources;
- Understand how sources of data may be biased;
- Understand sample and population.
- Explain why a sample may not be representative of a whole population;

Pedagogical notes (implementation)	How will understanding be assessed & recorded (Impact)
Emphasise the difference between primary and secondary sources and remind students about the	End of half term Feb End of Year Year 10 exams in April
different between discrete and continuous data. Discuss sample size and mention that a census is the	How can parents help at home?
whole population (the UK census takes place every 10 years in a year ending with a 1 - the next one is due in	MathsWatch clips
2021). Specify the problem and planning for data collection is not included in the programme of study but is a	Qualification KS3: S3, S4, S5, S10ab, N39ab, R9b, P4
perquisite to understand the context of the topic. Writing a questionnaire is not part of the new specification, but is a good topic to demonstrate bias and ways to reduce bias in terms of timing, location and question types that can introduce bias. Emphasise the importance of being able to convert between decimals and percentages and the use of decimal multipliers to make calculations easier.	Qualification KS4: 61, 63, 64, 65, 130ab, 152, 176
Further reading/discussion	

Reading / Enrichment Literacy Links Research analyst (medical, educational, market, management, etc.) Economist Actuary